Here was the attempted clarification of eq.(2.32) from text in class:

$$\frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{0 \le x < 2^n} (-1)^{x \cdot z} = \frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{x_{n-1}=0}^1 \sum_{x_{n-1}=0}^1 \cdots \sum_{x_0=0}^1 (-1)^{x_{n-1}z_{n-1}+\dots+x_0z_0}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{x_{n-1}=0}^1 (-1)^{x_{n-1}z_{n-1}} \cdots \frac{1}{2} \sum_{x_0=0}^1 (-1)^{x_0z_0}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + (-1)^{z_{n-1}} \right) \cdots \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + (-1)^{z_0} \right)$$
$$= \delta_{z_{n-1},0} \cdots \delta_{z_0,0}$$
$$= \delta_{z,0}$$

Equivalently,

$$\frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{0 \le x < 2^n} (-1)^{x \cdot z} = \frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{x_{n-1}=0}^1 \sum_{x_{n-1}=0}^1 \cdots \sum_{x_0=0}^1 (-1)^{x_{n-1}z_{n-1}+\dots+x_0z_0}$$
$$= \prod_{i=0}^{n-1} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{x_i=0}^1 (-1)^{x_i z_i}$$
$$= \prod_{i=0}^{n-1} \frac{1}{2} (1+(-1)^{z_i})$$
$$= \prod_{i=0}^{n-1} \delta_{z_i,0}$$
$$= \delta_{z,0}$$

For n = 2, that looks like

$$\frac{1}{2^2} \sum_{0 \le x < 2^2} (-1)^{x_0 z_0 + x_1 z_1} = \frac{1}{4} \left( (-1)^0 + (-1)^{z_0} + (-1)^{z_1} + (-1)^{z_0 + z_1} \right)$$
$$= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{x_1 = 0}^1 \sum_{x_0 = 0}^1 (-1)^{x_1 z_1 + x_0 z_0}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{x_1 = 0}^1 (-1)^{x_1 z_1} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{x_0 = 0}^1 (-1)^{x_0 z_0}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + (-1)^{z_1} \right) \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + (-1)^{z_0} \right)$$
$$= \delta_{z_1,0} \delta_{z_0,0}$$
$$= \delta_{z,0}$$